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**Development towards to the Information Society**

Starting from the creation of information until now, information is increasingly needed by the community. Information develops into a need that can be expressed as a source of life that sustains political, social, cultural and economic problems. The community must be able to open themselves by following the development of existing social media. Community views on information have a significant impact on the development of the digital media industry and the process of digitizing society. Information is often associated with technology, such as computers and others. Unwittingly, the dynamics of information that occur continue to bring change to the community. The community will be guided to be able to accept changes towards a digital society. People who get the opportunity to access information quickly and precisely, will be more advanced than those who are "lacking" in receiving information. The Problem at this time is ‘whether the Indonesian people are really ready to become an information society?’ Thus, the development of communication technology in Indonesia must look at aspects and pay attention to the steps that will be taken in the future.

The steps that need to be taken to reach the information community must start from improving the technology and communication infrastructure. The community will not be able to develop if the infrastructure is still inadequate. Therefore, the government must be able to balance the development of communication technology infrastructure to avoid the gaps. Improving infrastructure must be balanced between cities and villages, that are still difficult to reach. The government can do some surveys related to the existence of information networks in each region in Indonesia. The survey is useful to know the social conditions that occur and to find out the people in the area are ready to accept changes. That way the development of information society will be spread evenly and have good quality seen from the readiness of each individual in accepting a new culture.

The second step is we need a information society program gradually. The meanings for equitable access to information in some regions in Indonesia can be carried out properly with the programs that have been determined. A few days ago the government have been made some programs that have been implemented and can support the realization of the information society. One of them is inaugurating 14 ringing villages located in several areas located in the border areas by the Ministry of Communication and information. This program is carried out to provide access to ininformation for people who’s living on the border and it’s hoped that the community can communicate without obstacles.

In order to create an organized information society, regulatory and policy determination is needed. Regulations and policies are expected to prevent bad behavior (cybercrimes) from information users. As the world of technology grows, the availability of information more free to access. Every community can access information freely without regard to where they get it. Government regulatory efforts relating to the conditions information society were passed in the Information and Electronic Transactions Constitution (ITE Law) in 2008. The Constitution contains regulations regarding information and electronic transactions and arrangements about prohibited action. It’s expected that by implementing this law, users can be wiser in accessing information.

Times are flow from years to years, the more access to information is also developing. Not only information that develops, people are also expected to able to keep up with the increasingly in complex flow of information. Society as information users must be able to keep abreast of the times that demand to be able to master technology. Changing to information society needs to be done in process and need a long time. Remember that Indonesia is an country island consisting of 5 large island and there are many small island which are mostly still inhabited by communities. This is because many people, especially rural communities are still not literate. Literacy here means not just literacy, but how people can understand information received and able to use information in their activities. Therefore we need the role of various parties such as government, public service institutions, professional staff and also the community to be able to realize an optimal information society without any technological and information gaps that occur in cities or villages.

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